

General Assembly

Amendment

January Session, 2005

LCO No. 6658

HB0674906658HR0

Offered by:

REP. WARD, 86th Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. **6749**

File No. 626

Cal. No. 451

"AN ACT CONCERNING THE REGISTRATION OF SEXUAL OFFENDERS."

- 1 After the last section, add the following and renumber sections and
- 2 internal references accordingly:
- 3 "Sec. 501. Section 53a-35a of the general statutes is repealed and the
- 4 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):
- 5 For any felony committed on or after July 1, 1981, the sentence of
- 6 imprisonment shall be a definite sentence and the term shall be fixed
- 7 by the court as follows: (1) For a capital felony, a term of life
- 8 imprisonment without the possibility of release unless a sentence of
- 9 death is imposed in accordance with section 53a-46a; (2) for the class A
- 10 felony of murder, a term not less than twenty-five years nor more than
- 11 life; (3) for the class A felony of sexual assault in the first degree under
- 12 <u>subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-70 where the</u>
- victim of the offense was under thirteen years of age at the time of the
- offense, a term not less than twenty-five years nor more than life; (4)
- for a class A felony other than [murder] for an offense as provided in

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16 subdivision (2) or (3) of this subsection, a term not less than ten years 17 nor more than twenty-five years; [(4)] (5) for the class B felony of 18 manslaughter in the first degree with a firearm under section 53a-55a, 19 a term not less than five years nor more than forty years; [(5)] (6) for a 20 class B felony other than manslaughter in the first degree with a 21 firearm under section 53a-55a, a term not less than one year nor more 22 than twenty years, except that for a conviction under section 53a-23 59(a)(1), 53a-59a, 53a-70a, 53a-94a, 53a-101(a)(1) or 53a-134(a)(2), the 24 term shall be not less than five years nor more than twenty years; [(6)] 25 (7) for a class C felony, a term not less than one year nor more than ten 26 years, except that for a conviction under section 53a-56a, the term shall 27 be not less than three years nor more than ten years; [(7)] (8) for a class 28 D felony, a term not less than one year nor more than five years, except 29 that for a conviction under section 53a-60b or 53a-217, the term shall be 30 not less than two years nor more than five years, for a conviction 31 under section 53a-60c, the term shall be not less than three years nor 32 more than five years, and for a conviction under section 53a-216, the 33 term shall be five years; [(8)] (9) for an unclassified felony, a term in 34 accordance with the sentence specified in the section of the general 35 statutes that defines the crime.

Sec. 502. Section 54-125e of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):

(a) Any person convicted of a crime committed on or after October 1, 1998, who received a definite sentence of more than two years followed by a period of special parole shall, at the expiration of the maximum term or terms of imprisonment imposed by the court, be automatically transferred to the jurisdiction of the chairperson of the Board of Pardons and Paroles or, if such person has previously been released on parole pursuant to subsection (a) of section 54-125a or section 54-131a, remain under the jurisdiction of said chairperson until the expiration of the period of special parole imposed by the court. The Department of Correction shall be responsible for the supervision of any person transferred to the jurisdiction of the chairperson of the Board of Pardons and Paroles under this section during such person's

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- 50 period of special parole.
- 51 (b) Any person sentenced to a period of special parole shall be 52 subject to such rules and conditions as may be established by the 53 Board of Pardons and Paroles or its chairperson pursuant to section 54-54 126.
- 55 (c) The period of special parole shall be not less than one year nor 56 more than ten years, except that (1) such period may be for more than 57 ten years for a person convicted of a violation of subdivision (2) of 58 section 53-21 of the general statutes in effect prior to October 1, 2000, 59 subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 53-21, section 53a-70, 53a-60 70a, 53a-70b, 53a-71, 53a-72a or 53a-72b or sentenced as a persistent 61 dangerous felony offender pursuant to subsection (h) of section 53a-40 62 or as a persistent serious felony offender pursuant to subsection (j) of 63 section 53a-40, and (2) such period shall be for life for a person 64 convicted of a violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of 65 section 53a-70 if the victim of the offense was under thirteen years of 66 age at the time of the offense.
 - (d) Any person sentenced to a period of special parole for conviction of a violation of subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (a) of section 53a-70 where the victim of the offense was under thirteen years of age at the time of the offense shall, as a condition of such special parole, be subject to global positioning system electronic monitoring for the duration of such person's period of special parole.
 - [(d)] (e) Whenever a parolee has, in the judgment of such parolee's parole officer, violated the conditions of his or her special parole, the board shall cause the parolee to be brought before it without unnecessary delay for a hearing on the violation charges. At such hearing, the parolee shall be informed of the manner in which such parolee is alleged to have violated the conditions of such parolee's special parole and shall be advised by the employee of the board conducting the hearing of such parolee's due process rights.
- [(e)] (f) If such violation is established, the board may: (1) Continue

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the sentence of special parole; (2) modify or enlarge the conditions of special parole; or (3) revoke the sentence of special parole.

- [(f)] (g) If the board revokes special parole for a parolee, the chairperson may issue a mittimus for the commitment of such parolee to a correctional institution for any period not to exceed the unexpired portion of the period of special parole.
- [(g)] (h) Whenever special parole has been revoked for a parolee, the board may, at any time during the unexpired portion of the period of special parole, allow the parolee to be released again on special parole without court order."

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